

Effects of Divorce on Children's Sexual Activity

1. Attitudes About Sexual Behavior

(See [Effects of Divorce on Children's Future Relationships](#))

When parents divorce, their children's attitudes about sexual behavior change. Children's approval of premarital sex, [cohabitation](#), and [divorce](#) rises dramatically, while their endorsement of [marriage and childbearing falls](#).¹⁾ Children from divorced families are also more likely to believe that marriage is not important prior to having children and are more likely to have a child out of wedlock. This holds true even after controlling for socioeconomic status.²⁾ Furthermore, sexual permissiveness on the part of divorced parents significantly increases permissive attitudes and behavior in both their sons and daughters.³⁾

Children from divorced families have an earlier sexual debut than children from intact families.⁴⁾ This also holds true for children raised without a biological father present.⁵⁾

1.1 Girls

American⁶⁾ and British⁷⁾ studies repeatedly show that daughters of divorced parents will be more likely to approve of premarital sexual intercourse⁸⁾ and teen sexual activity,⁹⁾ and to engage in early sexual intercourse outside of marriage; similar results are shown among fatherless households in general.¹⁰⁾ The National Longitudinal Survey of Youth reports that African-American girls are 42 percent less likely to have sexual intercourse before age 18 if their biological father is present at home.¹¹⁾ By contrast, the presence of a stepfather increases by 72 percent the likelihood of sexual intercourse before age 18 for Latino girls.¹²⁾

In addition to an increased likelihood of being sexually active, girls from divorced families are more likely to engage in risky sexual behavior, to have more frequent sexual intercourse, and to have more sexual partners.¹³⁾ In a study comparing girls from New Zealand and the United States, researchers found that the earlier a father leaves the home, the higher his daughter's risk of early sexual activity and [teenage pregnancy](#). In the United States, girls whose fathers had left before their daughters were five years old were eight times more likely to become pregnant while adolescents than were girls whose fathers remained in the home.¹⁴⁾

1.2 Boys

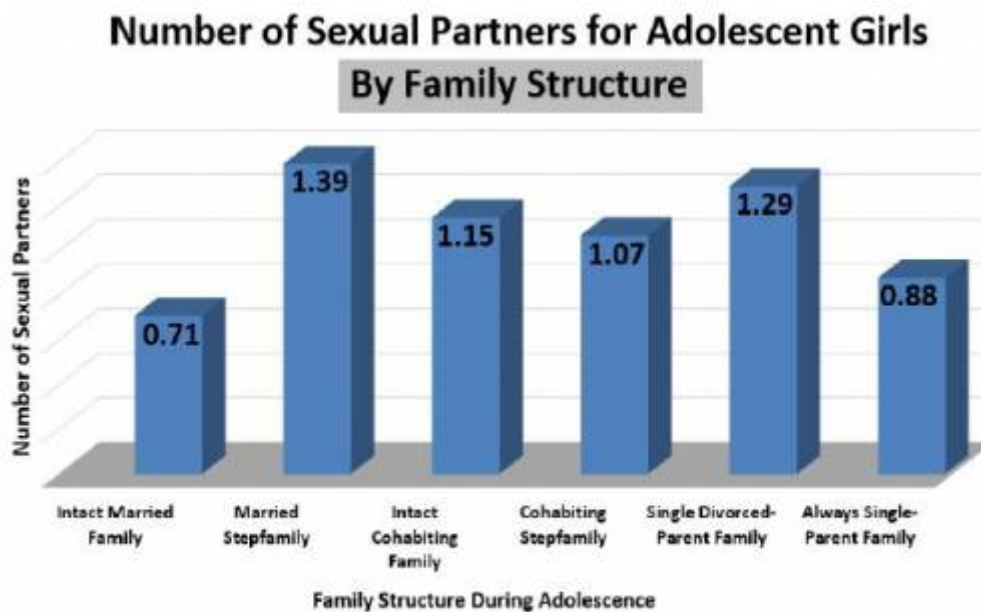
For sons, parental divorce and father absence is correlated with adolescent sexual intercourse, earlier sexual debut,¹⁵⁾ and the acquisition of a sexually transmitted disease.¹⁶⁾ Other studies have confirmed that male children of divorce have more relationships and more sexual partners than young men from intact families.¹⁷⁾

The influences of divorce on sexual behavior extends into adulthood: Adults raised in divorced

families are more likely to engage in [short sexual affairs](#) and also have more sexual partners than adults from intact families.¹⁸⁾

1.3 Related American Demographics

According to the Adolescent Health Survey, girls in grades 7-12 living in intact married families have the fewest sexual partners (0.71 sexual partners) of all family structure. Girls living in stepfamilies (1.39 partners) and divorced families (1.29 partners) tend to have the highest number of sexual partners.¹⁹⁾ (See [Chart](#) Below)



Source: National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent Health, Wave I and II. Adolescents Grades 7-12.

2. Sexual Behaviors

Virginity among teenagers of all ages correlates closely with the presence of married parents.²⁰⁾ Each change in family structure during adolescence (from married to divorced, from single to married, or from divorced to stepfamily) increases the risk of initiation of sexual intercourse for many of the teenage children in these unions.²¹⁾

The children of divorce date more and thus have a higher turnover of dating partners and more failed romantic relationships,²²⁾ which may contribute to a larger number of sexual partners,²³⁾ a risk factor for the acquisition of sexually transmitted diseases²⁴⁾ and a host of emotional repercussions. Children with divorced parents tend to have [lower relationship quality](#).²⁵⁾ Even without the addition of a working mother, divorce leads to an above-average number of sexual partners for the children of divorce as adults.²⁶⁾

Following a divorce, most [mothers have to work full-time](#). This combination of divorce and a full-time working mother leads to the highest level of teenage sexual activity²⁷⁾ and is significantly correlated with multiple sexual partners in adult life.²⁸⁾

3. Pregnancy

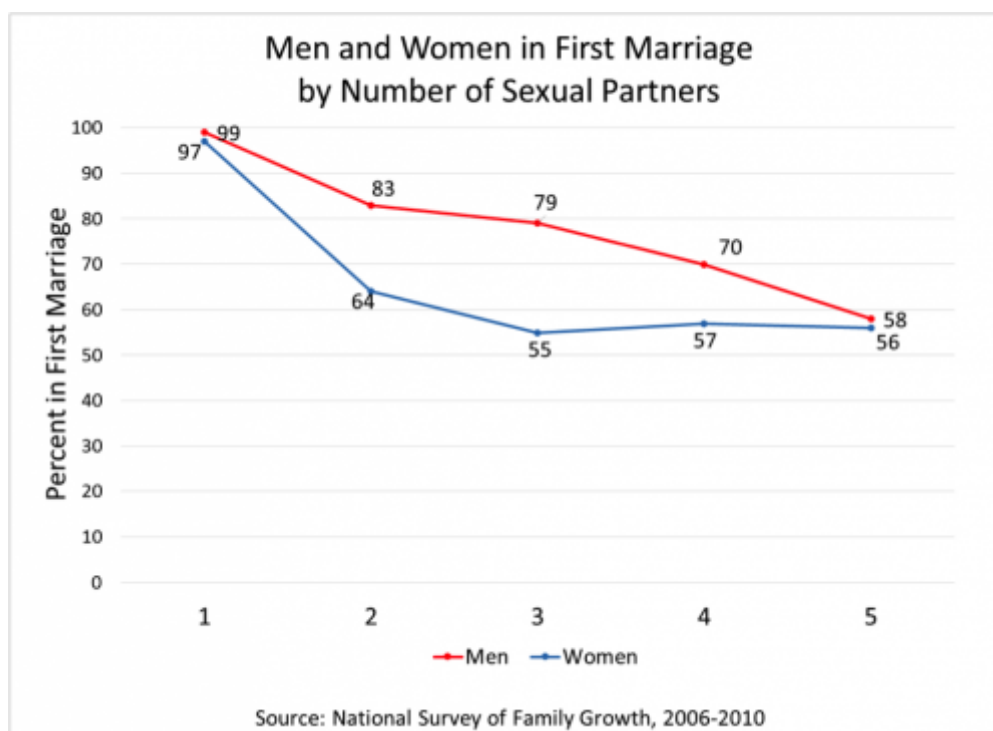
Women whose parents separated during childhood are more likely to have an out-of-wedlock [teenage pregnancy](#),²⁹⁾ and men with divorced or separated parents are more likely to father a child with a teenage mother.³⁰⁾ In Britain, the phenomenon of out-of-wedlock pregnancy to children of divorced parents has also been found.³¹⁾

4. Abortion

Daughters of divorced parents have more abortions than the daughters of non-divorced parents, according to a Finnish study.³²⁾

5. Future Relationship Stability

Marriage trends are driven by sexual decisions—chastity and monogamy, or their opposite, polyamory. This chart shows the status of American marriages five years into the marriage. Among both men and women who have never had any sexual partner other than their spouse (ie. they were totally monogamous), 97 percent of women and 99 percent of men were still married. For women who had one extra sexual partner (for most, before marriage) only 64 percent were still married—a drop of 33 percent, which is twice the rate of men. For those women who had two sexual partners outside of marriage, only 55 percent were still married five years down the road.



Clearly, the more sexual partners an individual has, the less he/ she is capable to sustain marriage. This is especially true for women, who experience a steeper and more significant reduction in marital security with each additional non-marital or extra-marital partner.

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¹⁹⁾ This chart draws on a large national sample (16,000) from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent Health, Waves I and II. This work was done by the author in cooperation with former colleagues at The Heritage Foundation, Washington, D.C.

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This entry draws heavily from [The Effects of Divorce on Children](#).

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